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NO. 6.

MINCELLANY.

[From the New-York Araulet] THE DUBLISTS. " Is this a beaten track? Ne'er beat enough 'Till enough learnt the truths it should inspire."

As I have no desire to write a very long tale, I shall introduce my readers noble laws. at one to those who are to be its "heroes," to use the wonton phrase of tale writers. The first, I shall conceal, rather than reveal, under the name of Belcour. He was a military officer. In the field he had acquired the character those which continually need "something to be kind to," and he had sursweet moon from the bridal hour had waned, the fierce voice of war summoned him to the field, and he was forced to leave the charms of love and home, were wholly forgotton in his sympathy ers returned to her in health and safety. Years of domestic happiness passed on, and at the time to which my tale refers, Belcour was not only a very happy husband, but a happy father of three children. I would say that his wife and children were beautiful; but I fear it would appear as though, with the host of "pretty story writers," I wished to account for a husband's and a farther's love, on the score of " auburn hair, and blue

I have informed my readers, that Belcour was intelligent. He was so, far beyond what those whose lives have been passed in the army, generally are; a fair matter of impeachment to his character as to intelligence, by some of the military philosophers of the mess-room, that he was not only a believer in the

hurt. Carew was what is termed, a lience.

guilt; foregoing all the joys of the heart | daughter's grave.

It is pretty well known, I believe, its truth than its author." that there is a wide difference betwixt The matter soon assumed the shape

(to hasten over a shameful truth,) he ing the last indelibly on his character, it resulted from a wish, on the part of lying athwart the dory amidships—he and violate, without any infraction of its 'ty.

in solitude and sorrow, to weep and of honor prescribe no such thing. He red to our bosoms. deny or evade the truth, he confessed joyousness of infancy. old man that he had acted liberally, and his hand refused its office. He rose from | could not fail to excite the admiration of | hind by all her rivals? offering him his purse!

father's grief in a man's indignation.— his hand, and suspended his mental pow- oughly awakened, after a long sleep of oppress, France has no need of an ally, abundantly rolling down the time-worn it was his petit Lucy, had drawn aside gain to repose. The little boy had giv- England will not permit it,' I am amazchannels of his face, ceased to flow, and the curtains. Seeing her father there, en his hand with friendly and pleasing ed that a Frenchman can repeat these his eyes were lit up with the fire of rage she uttered an exclamation of joy, and confidence to the strangers, and now words,—that his blood should not boil and hatred. He lifted his feeble arm, had half run across the room, with ex- offered it to Carew; but he shrunk from with indignation, at the idea that Engfor he was not merely professionally but his feelings had overwrought his lended arms, to his embrace, when she it and said wildly, "No! not to me my land may or may not permit any thing intelligent. It had indeed been deemed bodily powers, and he fell to the ground recollected that her mamma, and her child;" before he could strike the blow he med- sister and brother, did not know the good Mrs. Belcour looked with concern rights. But, since such language has itated. As Carew looked upon the news-that "papa had come home;" and surprize at Carew, and then at her been used, I will reply, that England wretched old man, with his silver locks, and she turned suddenly back, and with husband, but his eyes were averted from will suffer France to conquer Algiers; and sorrowing heart, lying prostrate eager haste sought the garden. And her gaze, and his lip offered no explana- because she has neither right, power, existence of a Supreme Being, but in there on the ground before him—he felt then the air rang with infantine shouts tion. Belcour sat for some time in a nor interest to prevent it. Revelation likewise; with this excep- a momentary pang; and had he trusted of gladness; and the quick sounds of deep reverie—then rose and walked to- "Right. The regency of Algiers tion however, his opinion was as high- his eyes much longer on that melancho- hulf a dozen fairy feet were heard, runly estimated by his brother officers, as ly object, he might have felt all that a ning a race of love, whose prize was to the falling tear, or to conceal the last a government;—then there is a war his kindness and urbanity were univer- man-not a man of honor-should feel; be a father's first kiss. Which was first struggle of affection; but immediately between two independent realms, France but he had his own wrongs to right; and or which was last, it was scarcely possiturned round, saying with calmness, and Algiers. The second is at peace From this brief sketch of the charac- calling to some privates who stood near, ble to say, for they seemed to settle on " Now gentlemen for our excursion. ter of Belcour, I must pass to one still to "take care of the old man," he has him simultaneously like so many bees. more brief, of Carew, an officer in the tened back into the mess-room in search "How long have you been at home, same regiment. He had shared with of Belcour, who (he believed,) by his my dear Edwin," inquired Mrs. Belcour, Belcour the hazards of more than one unjustifiable and treacherous interfer- as she entered the room in tones of surcampaign, and like him, had escaped un- ence, had put him to all this inconvent- prize, "and why might we not have

modern epicurean; that is, one who I cannot, however, pass from this brief noon?" seeks pleasure, wherever he thinks it is and melancholy episode, which it was Belcour excused himself for his unto be found, though by paths which vir- necessary, for the proper understanding wonted conduct, on the score of partic- to prevent suspicion, he had resolved not judges between the belligerents than tue has prescribed; and resolves on en- of my tale, to introduce, without infor- ular business; adding, that he should to do so,) perhaps for the last time. Ca- the fortune of war and the will of God. joyment, let who will pay the cost. ming my readers of the issue. It pleas be obliged to pass that evening in priva- rew, in a state of agitation, which every France could enter into no previous en-Such was his practice, and the he did ed God in a short time to remedy all the cy with his triend Col. Drummond, moment grew worse was obliged to sup- gagement not to make conquests in a not actually profess libertinism, he was ill which man had done; the hour which whom he expected shortly. However port himself on the arm of the second, lawful war. It would be a promise unlittle concerned or ashamed when char- was the consummation of shame, was unwelcome the intelligence to those who scarcely less effected than himself precedented in the public law of Euthe hour of relief from both shame and who heard it, it occasioned sorrow only; But I will close my tale and tell my rea- rope; and neither France nor Austria Belcour and Carew, since the conclu- sorrow to that old man's child; and a- and met with resigned acquiescence. sion of the war, had associated together, mid his grief for her loss, he thanked The wretched man was once more left humanity and Honor. only so far as circumstances rendered God for taking her from a world, which to his own distracting thoughts. Some necessary, when their regiment was on must thence forward have been to be, a while he would resolve not to send a Belcour was extended to her departing Cafraria, or that of the Burman Empire, duty, at the mess-room; for although world of misery; and when the day of challenge; that he would disregard, de- guest—to Carew; and he could no lon- of which England has lately appropriaby the regulations of the regiment, eve- the funeral came, and he followed her fy the voice of man, and listen alone to ger endure or conceal his feelings. ry officer was obliged to contribute to corpse to the grave-yard, it was observ- that of feeling and of God; but again | "Madam," said the conscience strickthat establishment, Belcour was but ed by every one, that an expression of and again, faltered in his resolution.— en man, "you are grasping the hand, seldom there, having a family and a placid serenity appeared in the old man's. The loud voice of shame rung in his that in another hour might have left you before the expedition sailed, and declare countenance, such as he ever wore be- ears, and the look of scorn stared him a widow—Those children fatherless!— The habits and characters of the two fore his child's disgrace. When the in the face. How should he bear these Oh will you, can you forgive the intenvoyage of a great fleet both difficult and officers, were, indeed, so opposite that mournful ceremony was over, the old and live? Whilst thus wavering as to tion of the crime, whose completion you hazardous; though it would have but closer intimacy was neither possible, nor man stood gazing into the grave, till they his own conduct upon the matter, a let- have prevented. God be thanked; I am desirable. Whilst Carew looked with began to fill it up. "You need not ter was bro't in-It was a challenge not-I will not be a murderer.-You secret contempt on Belcour's life of do- close up the grave yet, my friends," he from Carew on the plea of "ungentle- have saved your husband-saved me from mestic seclusion, likening it in his own said. He cast one look towards his lit- manly and treacherous conduct." mind to the winter-sleep of the dor- the cottage that was seen in the distance | "Malignant man!" exclaimed Bel- thousand deaths,"

for those of the eye, and missing a thou- To return to our first narrative :--It desolate." sand opportunities of doing good, in a was in vain Belcour assured the enraged testless pursuit of evil. Two beings Carew that he was not the writer of the room Belcour foreseeing its possible ter- which the settlement of Swampscut, in Their defeat draws along with it the more antithetical than Belcour and Ca- letter produced by the old man, neither mination, had begged of his friend, Co- Lynn, was deprived of one of its most loss of the colonies, particularly such as rew, could not well be conceived; but knew any thing of the matter. Carew lonel Drummond, to call on him that valuable and respected inhabitants. Mr. are insular, and weakened by a slave if this prevented their being on terms persisted in asserting his belief, that he evening. He came and Belcour show- Joseph Blaney, went out in the bay for population, and dependent on the meof intimacy and friendship, it did not was the author of it, till, under some de- ed him the challenge. "I must accept the purpose of fishing in one of their tropolis for subsistence. France holds preclude those of gentlemanly behaviour gree of irritation, Belcour repeated his it," said Belcour,—" but he shall know small fishing schooners—after the vessel Martinique and Guadalcupe, and the and civility towards each other, till a denial, with the remark, "that from that he seeks the blood of a parent and came to an anchor in the shoal water off isle of Bourbon, only at the pleasure of . circumstance, as strange as it was un- what he could learn from the contents a husband. I will only agree to meet Scituate, Mr. Blaney took the dorey, England. The accumulation of new fortunate, destroyed this good under of that letter, he thought, as a man of him on the condition that he shall break and went alone about half a mile distant capital there is an evil to her, as it is but

the laws of humanity—(not to mention of a quarrel, and Carew, after stigmati- quest of his friend, he did not oppose aid, and apparently disabled in one of which some say the French cannot conthe laws of God,) and what are called zing Belcour as " officious canting hypo- it; and when this conditional accept- his arms. A boat immediately went to quer; whose inhospitable coast is visitthe laws of honor." Carew's conduct crite," called him a liar, and a coward, ance of the challenge was communica- his assistance from another schooner at ed by such terrible storms; which, from was wholly regulated by the latter. He and lest the room. Innocent as Belcour ted to Carew, he professed himself wil- anchor near the same place, but she had its continental situation, cannot be turn-

of a young and unsuspecting creature, children! For their sake his heart did he had determined not to acceed.

of gratifying this amiable propensity of came from the mess-room. It was the nature. Belcour married whilst yet ve- father of his victim.—Carew, presuming hung with a few beautiful paintings, and then?" The touch of that hand, if it unprecedented. ry young, and at a time when his duty that in his military garb, the old man several miniatures of "friends beloved." had not awoke his conscience, had disto his country, allowed him but a brief might not be certain of his identity, af- Much, perhaps, may be said against the turbed it, and made it restless in its slumenjoyment of the society of his youth- feeted at first to treat the matter as a introduction of pictorial representation bers. ful and affectionate bride. Ere the first mistake: but the old man with a trem- into the temples of our God; but I During the repast, Carew grew more bling hand produced from his pocket an know of no objection to the presence of and more uneasy. Every fresh little anonymous letter, which had been sent such in the temple of friendship; and display of hospitable kindness, on the to him, informing him that Compton, the I can conceive no greater benefit which part of Mrs. Belcour, seemed like a dagseducer, and Lieutenant Carew, were the pictorial art can bestow on man, than ger piercing his heart, and roused still for the hardships and dangers of the one and the same. What, think you, thus to surround him with those he more the monitor within. A strange land has India, Australasia, Cape of camp. His own deprivations, however were the feelings of the exposed decei- loves. The absent, the dead, as we feeling, in truth, seemed to have seized ver? Shame, remorse, confusion, per- gaze on the faithful deliniations of the on all present. for her, whom he was obliged to leave haps you imagine. Oh, ro! the laws artist around us, seem present and resto- "You have seen but part of my pos-

band. And she did pray for him, earn. ter; but they were those of revenge a- which Belcour sat, not only looked into assumed composure, as soon as the breakestly and unceasingly; and at the end gainst Belcour, who, he as certain, the garden, but reaching to the floor, at fust was ended; he rang the bell, upon dismemberment of Turkey. Spain and from the hand writing, had betrayed forded an entrance into it. At the far- which his three children, the eldest a Portugal have had their outlets in Amerhim—had written that letter. As it ther end, though unseen himself, Bel- boy, about six years of age, the other ica, and may yet have, notwithstanding

> assured him that he should continue to his seat, and drawing the curtains of the every one. Carew beheld them with do so, at the same time, n. "ing out, and windows, once more attempted to write, feelings of added and deeper horror.— the colony of France; and, certes, to when a shout of gladness, and the sound | He strove in vain to raise himself into conquer, to exterminate 12,000 pirates, The poor man for a moment forgot a of a light approaching foot, paralyzed stoicism; when conscience is once ther who have no hold in the country they The tears which had been silently, yet ers. The next moment, a little intruder, years, it is no easy matter to hush it a or of foreign aid. But I hear it said,

your company in the garden this after-

mouse ;—Belcour saw in Carew, with his eyes again filled with tears. He lif- cour as he paced the room with an agit- I shall now imitate the painter of old; pity and regret, a man who was wast- ted them up to heaven, and his lips mo- ated step; "he has not a wife whom drop the veil, and leave my readers to ing one portion of his time, and abusing ved, as though in silent prayer: a palid he loves—he has not the feelings of a imagine a scene, to which my pen is unthe other; spending his life betwixt smile came over his features; and he parent—Oh! surely, surely could he equal. the idleness of folly, and the activity of fell down, a corpse, by the side of his see-, and he shall know—he shall see -how fair a scene his hand is about to

the ground."

sessions yet gentlemen; I am a rich

wards the window, perhaps to conceal has been honored by being regarded as

They rose from their seats.

Belcour.

death, or from remorse worse than ten

At the time of the quarrel in the mess- vent took place on Monday last, by avoid falling in with those of England. humanity, to be more concerned as to fast in this house, before we proceed to from the schooner to fish—he had been giving new pledges to her rivals. But absent several hours, when he was ob- a colony like Algiers, protected by for-Strange as Drummond thought the re-served waving his hat and calling for midable fortifications and artillery,

had sacrificed at the shrine of schick- he must meet his accuser—according to Belcour, to bring about an amicable ar- however, was soon clear of the boat, ness and guilt, the peace and innocence the laws of honor. But his wife! his rangement, to which, in his own mind, and Mr. Blaney was still seen to be safe on board her. But before the boat who had relied on promises, which in quail at that thought, and he felt that! The appointed morning came, and which went to his assistance, had reachsuch cases a man of honor may make, honor was neither justice nor humani- Carew, with a friend, who was to act as ed him, the shark renewed his attack, his second,—both of them armed in all the boat instantly disappeared and the When Belcour reached his home, his the stoical apathy of honor, kept the ap- water appeared in a foam. Nothing To avoid inconveniences, Carew had wife and children were enjoying the pointment at Belcour's house, from more was seen of Mr. Blaney, but the assumed a fictitious name and character, beauty of the summer eve in the gard- which they were to proceed to the boat reappeared, and was picked up, toin the prosecution of his villany; and en. He entered the house unperceived ground. The strangers, as such they gether with his hat, a small firkin, &c. the better to enable him, when he found and sought the little room which he had were, except by name, to Mrs. B. were The beat was uninjured, excepting that it advisable, to make his retreat. This appropriated as a study. It was adorned severally introduced to her in the break- her thole pins were all broken, and there he had done; satisfying his conscience, by a small, but choice selection of vol- fast parlour—and met with that kind, were scratches about her as if made by of skillful and brave; and in the circles that his purse had made the wronged umes, in plain bindings of which I shall warm, welcome, which an affectionate the rough skin of a shark. There was of peaceful society, that of intelligent girl and her parents, who were poor, only notice that amongst them were ma- wife must always give to her husband's no doubt amongst the crews of the two and good. His heart was indeed one of (alas! now "poor indeed,") ample a- ny religious and philosophical works.— friends. But as Carew lightly pressed vessels who witnessed the whole scene, mends—for this is according to the laws "What can a soldier want with such her proffered hand, a chill of horror that Mr. Blaney was destroyed by the of honor. To his utter astonishment, works as these?" inquired a friend, one seemed to shoot through his veins, back | Shark. He was 52 years of age, and rounded himself with a little circle of however, a broken-hearted, gray-head-day, with an air of levity. "I am a to his very heart. "Another hour per- has left a wife and six children. The ed old man, met him one morning, as he man as well as a soldier," said Belcour haps" he thought, " and what may you, sensation created at Swampscut by this

From the Salem Register.

FRENCH EXPEDITION TO ALGIERS.

COLCLUDED. M. Sismondi proceeds to observe that all the great states of Europe, with the exception of France, have outlets for Good Hope, Canada, and even the United States. Russia has all Siberia and her conquests in Turkey and Persia.tremble, and pray for her soldier—hus- had his feeling as he perused that let- The opened window of the room in man I assure you," said Belcour, with onian provinces, subject countries in Itwould have been no longer honorable to cour saw his children, sporting in all the two were girls, much younger,—enter- the independence of their colonies. ed the parlour. The frank and noble France alone finds herself straightened, himself to be the party implicated in the He took up his pen to write—a chal- bearing of the boy, and the air of diffi- shut up within bounds which cannot be "unfortunate affair;" but reminded the lenge! but his brain was distracted, and dence and gentleness in the little girls, extended. Must she then be left be-

with England, but has never been her ally, nor has England ever guarantied "Our good friends return with you, her constitution, independence or limits. Edwin, to dinner, I hope," said Mrs. There has been a lawful pretext for the war, such as all nations admit in their But to her astonishment, no answer public code, to wit, an open insult to the was returned to her question.—Belcour representative of the power declaring had walked to the farther end of the room war. Of the first causes of the quarrel & and was embracing his children, (though mutual criminations, there are no other ders the result of this struggle betwixt nor Russia has ever ventured to demand a similar one from England, by saying Once more the friendly hand of Mrs. they would not permit the conquest of ted several provinces to herself.

Power.-I conceive, that if England an eight days' passage to accomplish, in open sea, at an immense distance from English ports. But, the debarcation once effected, and the town of Algiers surrendered, it is no longer in the power of England to embarrass the operations of France. I firmly believe that the remote colonies in the Indies and the Antilles are not suitable for France, a constitutional power, which weakens itself DEATH BY A SHARK.—We learn that by disputing the empire of the seas. a most extraordinary and melancholly e- Her fleets, in a long navigation, cannot held in small esteem that sacred maxim felt himself, and undeserving of both ap- ling to comply with "the somewhat ex- proceeded but a short distance, when a ed or attacked in the mar: in a country of doing as he would be done by, and pollations, he knew that to avoid fix- traordinary wish." In fact, he thought large fish supposed a Shark, was seen fertile in grain and abcunding in all the

with the metropolis without feeling its against Gibralter, Malta, or Corfu, and so reckless as Jacksonians pretend to any selfish motives, because he was not those who otherwise might feel reductant to want;—such a colony can neither be would not hinder the British squadron say they were, why this augmentation yet appointed Collector of the port of take part in this grand political farce." What conquered nor destroyed by English from cruising at large on the high sea. of power from the Jackson ranks. The Bath, and there could be nothing to in- of all this. What would you insinuate from it. fleets; particularly as it would soon be In case of war between the two, the fact is, one party as their only hope, was duce him to act from the most frank, There is reason in all things. You cannot efdefended by two millions and a half of Algerine coast would be hostile to Eng- bent on disorganization, and all who had honorable and just motives. subjects. For the French have beyond land: but she has never made any ac- supporters of that party would not go Mr. Smith retorted by saying he acall other nations, the talent of making count of the friendship of Algiers, or with them. themselves beloved by barbarous peo- any use of it. She could not interrupt ple, and of sympathizing with them .- the communication between France and the Senate relating to the seats of Mr. and although he believed the gentleman They proved this formerly in Canada, her culony; by no means because the Appleton, Bodwell, Usher and Hill.— spoke ironically, yet it was true that he and more recently in Egypt; and they African coast would be hostile, but be may do the Moors such great good, and cause nature has immemorially made it this debate are so important shat they ded as a public man to discharge his durescue them from an oppression so dread- dangerous, and she has not yet been aful, that a little time will suffice to gain ble to station her ships there. In a the affections of all the Africans .- | word, the occupation of Genoa, Leg-When such a colony is once founded on horn, or Civita Vecchia, by the French, forementioned gentlemen from voting ments, he was not that sly, subtle, cunthe principles of common good, which would be more prejudicial to the com-France understands better than any oth- mercial or military interests of England er nation, it is in its nature to grow and than that of Algiers. strengthen itself continually. France, mistress of Algiers, will advance more dissatisfaction-Jealousy. The conquest rapidly to dominion in Africa, than Eng of Algiers and prosperous administration land in India, or Russia in the north of of that fine country would reanimate Asia: and it is for the interest of Eu-| commerce, industry and the spirit of en rope that the progress of France should terprize in France. The French manube in proportion to that of the two colos- factures would soon be carried on with sal powers. Three years experience new erdor, for the new subjects, whose has shown what little success may be numbers, wealth and wants would rapexpected from a squadron undertaking idly increase. France would derive the blockade of Algiers. Judge then, from Algiers, all the productions yielded what would be the result, were it a by the climate of Italy and Spain, to-French army and not the Algerine mili- gether with those of the tropics, and all tia which was defending the walls, and those transported by the commerce of a British fleet, which making sail from the African caravans. The exchange Plymouth after a navigation of five hun- of merchandizes between the two coasts, dred and 40 marine leagues, had to en-| separated by a three days navigation, counter two hostile coasts of the Medi- would be so quick and safe, that not terranean; whilst parties of reinforce- even a maritime war would interrupt it. ment from Marselles or Toulon would France would indeed prosper. But is only have to elude its vigilance for the it certain that England would be stirred distance of one hundred and thirty-five to a jealousy so base? That she would leagues.

is too much against the interest of Eng- to declare, that a commercial nation is transportation of merchandize. This pose whatever might result to her ad avouched by any Englishman; and they desire? England would blush to make war on France, to prevent the destruction of Algerine pirates. The expedition to Algiers has been compared to that to Etained, the civilization of Europe would have invited the commerce of India to her markets: and the new commerce with central Africa, which it would open to France, the immense trade which it commercial relations of England.

It has been said again, that England would not allow the conquest of Algiers to impair its ascendancy in the Mediterue to her commerce with Turkey, the Black Sea, and the coast of Italy; she therefore has always taken care that her ficets should protect it in the Mediterratress of Gibralter, which guaranties a free entrance into this sea to her at all times. She has also assumed possession of Malta, even at the risk, in obtaining it, of being accused of want of faith, narrow, which divides Sicily from Afri-Greece and the Adriatic, and where the ger vote of seventy-two in the negainsolence of her agents has caused her tive and sixty-two in the affirmative. eathority, probably a benificent one, to

deprived for ten years of communication serve France as a point of attack, either vanced. If the Republicans had been tioner—and he could not possibly have ed for the occasion to furnish an inducement to

"There remains but one motive for not see what some of her ministers, Mr. INTEREST.—It is urged again that it | Huskisson among others, do not cease land, that France should own a colony enriched by the prosperity of those with in Africa, for the former power to allow whom she deals? That the civilization it. Yet I cannot see that in any in- of Algiers and the fruits gathered from stance it has been pointed out in what it by France would indirectly ensue to that interest consists. It has been said the benefit of Eugland? Is it certain that England, jealous of the marine of that, jealous as that power now shows the small powers in the Mediterranean, itself of Russia, she would dread an inof the Genoese especially, who carry on crease of the power of France. without their coasting voyages to more advau- which the latter could not counterpoise tage than herself, was pleased to see the the former? That at the moment when Barbary powers cut up that marine, and the English ministry court the alliance make Italian bottoms less safe for the of France, they would venture to opis possible; but it is an interest so small vantage? Professing such sentiments, and so disgraceful, that it would not be how could they reckon upon the alliance

From the Portland Advertiser. JEFFERSON-NO. XIV.

gypt; but the latter was undertaken elections were decided in the House, a- son Senators? They Report Mr Ushwhen England was at war with France, mong which was the election of Simeon er elected by the People, and believe and in alliance with Turkey. Besides, Fowler, Jr. This gentleman owing to him to be so elected, but when the case the true motive of jealousy was, that the bare omission of the Junior in some comes in hand, and they are unable to France was opening for herself a shorter | certificates from the several towns which | carry down an illegitimate | Senate with route through Egypt to India—that she comprise the district that he represen- him, they declare Mr. Usher not elected did not conceal her intention of attack- ted, was near being excluded from vo- by the People. No partisanship can ing the British Empire in that country; ting at the organization of the House .- | excuse such a dereliction of principle.and that, even had her aim been unat. He was, however, permitted to vote, - It is dishonesty as culpable as falsehood SEVENTY THREE being in the affirmatin any transaction of life, yea more so, tive and SEVENTY Two in the negative. for important consequences are pending that entrepot, through the Red Sea and A long time at the opening of the session in the decision of a legislative body, the Mediterranean, and given rise to was wasted in debating this question, and there is a constitution too, which that competition with the English, which | though there never seemed to be any legislators are bound under the oath of is generally considered a commercial in- serious cause of dispute, the omission of God to protect. jury. But the realm of Algiers does the Junior being but a trifling circum- Such Messrs. Editors is the political not threaten any English possession, or stance, and there being not the bare pos- character of the members of the Jackany ally of England, from any of its sibility of any mistake in the person .- | son Senate. Such was their conduct.frontiers; creates no rivalship in any of | The Jacksonians in their zeal, however, | To judge what are the motives that incombatted his claims to a seat, and al- fluence a man, it is often very proper to is requested to send two, and each planmost sent him adrift. But later, when look to his general character and to the the minority in the Legislature was evi- reputation he sustains in the world, for would create in its own products, when | dent, and not being so anxious on that | the public generally rightly appreciate restored to industry and prosperity, far account to exclude one only (unless the merits of men who are often before from diminishing, would increase the they could exclude enough to bring them them. Having these views, I give you into a majority,) they permitted Mr. an account of the two Jackson leaders Fowler to take his seat by an unanim- in the House of Representatives. The ous vote. Yes, the very same individu- characters are drawn with their own als who voted to exclude Mr. Fowler at | pencil-and I copy the sketches as I rancan. England does attach great val- the first of the session, now voted to find them reported in the Advertiser of seat the very same man, so powerful March 2d. were his rights, so irrisistable was the case which he made out—and his case before the House granted Mr. Richard- them. The Editor of the Jeffersonian appears noble enterpize. The enemy's ground nean, in formidable force; that in case | House. The case of Roberts is some- | Androscoggin River by Horse Boats, | a mournful complaint about the Convention at | ages to assist—not to take the battleof war her vessels might find there safe what similar to this. This has been the Mr. Ruggles, of Thomastown came out Augusta-insomuch he says he "looks upon field—the young men are able to go forplaces of asylum; and that the narrow- topic of much declamation; and the with some personal allusions upon Mr. it as the most open and barefaced attempts to ward—only give them your smiles and est parts in that sea should in particular Jackson presses have attempted to throw Smith, of Nobleborough, which produ- effect by excitement what they despair of doing good wishes, and if an enemy flee into be subject to her inspection. At very many censures upon the majority for not | ced a retort from Mr. Smith, who said | by an appeal to the good sense and reason of the | your tents, as did Sisera into the tent of great expense she has secured the for- permitting him to vote in the organiza- that it seemed strange that the gentletion of the House. His certificate and man from Thomaston, who could not the illegality of the proceedings have know the rights and interests of the been so often alluded to that the facts people residing on the Androscoggin, so are familiar to every individual who reads well as they did themselves, should take the news-papers, therefore I need not re- such a deep interest in their affairs, conbecause Sialta was a point of inspection capitulate them here. Let it be remem- trary to their wishes. As the delega- the state of affairs—they feel that something and ward over the sea, comparatively so bered that when the question of his tion bordering upon the Androscoggin right to vote in the organization of the and Kennebec, having expressed a wish ca. Nelson understood the importance | House at the opening of the session was that Mr. Richardson should be authoriof these two points, when he sought to taken, he was excluded by a vote of zed to navigate the Androscoggin by intercept the Egyptian expedition. He SEVENTY-FIVE in the negative and SEV- horse power, and as no persons could felt even the necessity of obtaining a ENTY-ONE in the affirmative. When be injured by the passage of the bill, he third in the Greek Seas, where Buona. the House was organized, and the com- could not see why the gentleman from parte's fleet was concealed from his ob- mittee on contested elections made their Thomaston ahould undertake to oppose servation. Accordingly, England has report, and the facts of the case were a question with which he could not be deceived by the perpetual cry of REFORM and coveted the protectorate of the seven fully investigated, Robberts was not per- well acquainted and in which he could RETRENGHMENT—they are awakening to a real-Ionian isles, where she watches over metted to hold a seat by the still stron- have no interest.

Here I cannot but stop to remark the be detested. But the possession of Al- singular change of political feeling that felt delighted to hear the remarks of his are now prowling about every hole and corner ciers would not give her another link had taken place in the House. If the friend from Nobleborough because he of the land-upon the mountains and in the valthat chain of posts which she regards question of Roberts was a party question was always so cool and collected, and leys. Yes, Mr. Jeffersonian, there are good reaas important. On this account, she did and the Jacksonians made it so, then when he raised his still, small voice, it son for your fearful apprehensions. You ought not give orders to lord Exmouth to con- the Republican majority was TEN. Now gave him the utmost pleasure, because to look upon this meeting as a deathblow to quer that place, but to burn it. On the contrast this fact with the one majority he had no doubt that, that gentleman al- your future prospects-it is the commencement other hand, Algiers, in the hands of by which the Speaker was elected, and ways acted from the utmost disinterested of a new era in our political horizon. The re-France, would diminish in no respect what volumes does it speak in the favor ness—that he did not believe that the publicans do not despair—they feel confident of the domination arrogated by her fleets of the justice and rectitude of that cause, gentleman from Nobleborough had ever a successful overthrow of Jacksonism.

March 2d another debate began in of the gentleman from Thomaston-The facts and circumstances attending was disinterested, and had always intendeserve a minute recapitulation. It will ty faithfully. Mr. Smith said he admired be recollected that in the stormy debate disinterestedness; he loved to see men during which Mr. Hall excluded the a open in the expression of their sentiand thus obtained for his party a major- ning character that he sometimes had ity-that Messrs. Megquier, Ingails and in view. True, Mr. Speaker, said Mr. Dunlap were appointed on a Senatorial Smith, I am not Collector of the Port committee to see what Senators were of Bath, and am extremely sorry that I elected and to report the vacancies .- | am not-I am also sorry that the gentle-March 2d they made the Report, in man from Thomaston, had not been chowhich they declared Mr. Usher (Rep.) | sen Speaker of the House, as it would and Mr Pike (Jack.) elected BY THE have consoled his wounded feelings, and PEOPLE. This report was made after gratified his ambition. I am also sorry the same gentlemen had approved Pres- that the gentlemen from Thomaston had ident Hall's course in refusing to allow failed in his expectation of being nom Mr. Usher's right to vote.

Senate Mr. Dunlap made a motion to granite of Thomaston—and if it should accept the Report as it was, and to con-appear that the Penitentiary at that sider it indivisible. Mr. Kingsbery con- place should become so expensive to tended for the division of the Report, the State as to require its removal, I cited the Rules and Orders of the Sen- hope that the gentleman from Thomas ate, and the practice of Congress. The ton will not be compelled to remove Jackson party opposed a division and with it. the Republicans contended for it. No doubt remained of the correctness of been considered romantic, but in Lincoln Mr. Kingsbery's motion-and finally they probably would have carried a difthe Jackson President was forced to yield ferent impression. and to consider the report divisible .-Now the Jacksonians by a process of which shew that he felt the force of the special pleading and various amendments | remarks of Mr. Smith, and that he was strove to avoid the decision in effect. willing that the debate should subside. though they allowed it in form; but the fallacy of their arguments was easily detected and they were forced to yield. Finally the question on Mr. Pike's right to a seat was taken, and that part of the Report was rejected, the eight Jacksonians being in favor and eight Republicans being in the negative. Then comes Mr. Usher's case. Let it not be forgotton that Dunlap, Megquier and Ingalls

When the question was taken for accepting that part of the Report which declared them elected, the Eight Republicans were in the affirmative and the Jackson-men in the negative, among whom were the three very same gentlemen, DUNLAP, MEGQUIER & ING-ALLS. Now what can be more ridicu-About this time some of the contested lous than the conduct of the three Jack-

reported Usher elected by the people

"On Saturday last, when a bill was

His expressions and articulations were

strong and his remarks pointed.

fruit a me earth, and which might be in the Mediterranean. Algiers cannot which increased daily as the session ad- | been employed as council for the peti-

knowledged the truth of the statements inated as Candidate for Governor, and When this report came before the that he is doomed to remain upon the

These remarks abroad might have

Mr. Ruggles replied, but in a style JEFFERSON.

THE OBSERVER.

NORWAY, TUESDAY, AUG. 27. OXFORD COUNTY REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

The National Republicans of Oxford County are requested to meet in Convention at the House of SIMEON CHIP-MAN, in South Paris, on TUESDAY the following remarks were made by an old gentle-SEVENTEENTH day of AUGUST | man who was a soldier in the American Revnext, at TEN o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of selecting candidates for Senators, and other County Officers. Every incorporated town is requested to paper. send two, and each plantation one delegate. It is hoped that a full representation will be sent, as business of importance will come before them

By order of the County Committee.

DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The National Republicans of Oxford Congressional District are requested to meet in Convention at the House of Simthe seventeenth day of Augustnext, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose them in the present Congress, also to transact all other business that may come before them. Each town in the District tation one Delegate. A general and punctual attendance is requested.

By order of the District Committee. It is passing strange that when men undertake to point out the consistency or inconsistency of a party of men, they should do it in such a manner as entirely to misrepresent the true intent of its objects. When we see such people, that he has ever witnessed." Now this looks to us a little as if the editor alluded to, felt some fearful omens at the effects which will be produced by this meeting of the sovereign people-and well he may, for we can assure him that the people are beginning to examine into ought to be done and that something must and will be done at the approaching September election to redeem the State from the disgrace which has been heaped upon it by the aspiring minions of Gen. Jackson. They perceive that they live in perilous times—they are beginning to see how grossly they have been izing sense of the need there is in being watchfully and zealously engaged in the political warfare which has already commenced, in order to Mr. Ruggles, in reply, said, he always keep aloof those designing office-seekers who

You also say "a Steam boat has been preparfect what you intend by your unjust insinuaations about this steam boat affair. The people know too much-you may mourn as much as you please, it is all to no effect. And what about the band of music. O vain deception. Do you recollect what induced the citizens of Portland to send out of the State for their music at the late celebration in that town. Ah! no; you have forgotten. We will tell you .-Was it not because the Jacksonians engaged all the music in that and the neighboring towns? you, no doubt, forgot this. This same editor has also forgotten that a meeting was holden at Augusta last year. That meeting of course was to enlighten the people. The people want light-they want more light, and they will have it.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE CHRONICLE.

We have received a few numbers of a new paper lately established in Dover, N. H. of the above title. Its typographical execution is very neat, and its selections and original matter very good. It is devoted mostly to religion, morality, and education, and contains a good proportion of domestic and foreign news, but is neutral in politics. We think it will be a useful journal to its patrons.

MESSRS. GOODNOW & PHELPS-

By giving the following list of the members in our family, the latter part of June last, if you think proper, you will much oblige one of your subscribers—which are as follows :-

Four fathers—three grand-fathers—five mothers—three grand-mothers—one great-grandmother-three husbands and wives-two widows-one widower-three brothers-three sisters—seven children—four grand children one great-grand child-two uncles-two aunts -three cousins-three second cousins-one friend—one old acquaintance—one boarder two hired girls, and one great-grand-father.

One sister is 79 years old—one brother 77, and another brother 75—the greatgrand-mother 79—the great-grand-father 77—one grandfather 75—one 77—one 72—one grand-mother 60-and one 79 years.

[How many were there in the family :- ED.]

FOR THE OXFORD OBSERVER.

MESSRS. EDITORS-At a meeting of the Young Men in New Gloucester, on the 5th inst. for the cause of Temperance, at the close of an interesting address by Mr. Kinsman, the olution, and who had been an Inn-keeper and a seller of ardent spirits for about 37 years.— And, if you think as I do, that they deserve it, I wish you would give them a place in your FRIEND TO THE CAUSE.

"Mr. President—I cheerfully hail

July 22, 1830.

you on this birth day of our national liberty, looking back to the dreadful struggle when I heard fathers, in language that could not be resisted, encouraging their sons to put on manly strength for the combat! I well recollect 50 years ago this month I was marching towards the enemy under the traitor General, who sold us to the oppressor; that, on that memorable night, no slumber eon Chipman, in South Paris, on Tuesday | closed my eye lids, for the watch-word was, "be ready." In spite of all the difficulties and discouragements that we met with, however, under God our of selecting a candidates to represent Independence was achieved, and I have the most lively animation of feelings in view of our distinguished privileges.— But, Sir, you are now engaged with a more formidable and dangerous enemy than I have spoken of, as much greater as the damsel proclaimed David's victory over Saul's-"Saul hath slain his thousands, and David his ten thousands." I hope, Sir, that like David, you will not be dismayed, but be able to overcome. For several years I have made no use myself, of ardent spirits, in which time I have travelled from Piscataqua east, to Chataque west, and suffered no inconvenience or injury to my health barefaced attempts practised we consider it as for want of it; and I call on old and our duty to the public at all times to expose young to lend their aid, and join in the was clear to the convention as to the son the exclusive right of navigating the to be exceedingly angry in his last, and makes is narrowing-I call on females of all Jael, pierce him with the nail and the hammar, that he may fall prostrate. Be not discouraged; look out for traitors, and the victory shall finally be yours.— Let not your appetite prove to you as Arnold did to me. Young men, go forward! and we old ones will lend what means we have, as David prepared for his son to build an house for the Lord, he not being permitted to build it, having shed blood; so we, having drinked ardent spirit ourselves and dealt it out to others, think our sons less guilty, therefore hope they will complete the building with bars and oolts, so that the next generation may be saved from the destruction of the inchriating cup."

> Death of Chief Justice Parker. -A letter from our obliging correspondent at Boston, dated on Monday, communicates the melancholy intelligence of the sudden death of Chief Justice PARKER. which took place on Monday. He was seized with a paralytic affection on Sunday morning about 5 o'clock, which terminated fatally. This affecting dispensation will probably occasion some interruption in the Supreme Court now in session at Salem.—Saco Palladium.

dependence was celebrated at Turner, by the citizens of that and the adjoining towns, on the the canopy of heaven. fifth ult. The day was ushered in by the discharge of cannon and the ringing of bells. At eleven o'clock a very large and respectable pro- our sacred honor, that we will never forget cession was formed in front of Lieut. Marble's the hands by whom it was presented. While house, marshalled by Maj. Job Prince and Capt. Ajalon Dillingham, escorted by the Turner Ar- try, this standard shall remind us of the invaltillery and Riffe Company, commanded by Cap- uable blessings which were derived by the tains Bradford and Clark, and proceeded to the toils and blood of our fathers who achieved that house of Capt. Clark, in front of which, a circle was formed when a scene of unusual interest was performed much to the satisfaction of all present. A new and elegant standard was presented to the Rifle Company by Miss Abigail Talbot in behalf of the young ladies of Turner, by whom it was purchased As to the style and sentiments of Miss Talbot's address to the officers and soldier's on the occasion, we shall not undertake to decide; but cheerfully submit it to the decision of an enlightened public. We would only say that her manners in the perfor-

mance were remarkably easy, graceful and genteel; and such eloquence is seldom surpassed. On receiving the standard, Ensign Shaw made a very manly and appropriate reply which is also submitted.

The procession then moved to the Baptist Meeting-house, the doors of which being opened was immediately filled to overflowing. The throne of Grace was addressed in a most pathetic and devout manner, by the Rev. George Bates.

Several select pieces of music were performed by the choir, with their accustomed skill and taste. The declaration of Independence was read by Capt. Isaac Gross.

An oration was pronounced by Wm. K. Porter, Esq. which though not heated with party zeal, was classical, eloquent, and instructive inculcating the soundest American principles written and delivered in that easy and flowing style which distinguishes the scholar, and is characteristic of the gentleman.

The procession again formed and returned to joyful hearts and keen appetites partook of a dinner prepared for the occasion. Gen. Alden Blossom presided, assisted by Isaac Chase, Esq. Maj. Job Prince and Doct. Philip Bradford.

After the cloth was removed the usual number of toasts were offered by the committee, and announced by Dr. Bradford.

Also several very patriotic sentiments were offered by the different gentlemen present.

The festivities of the day were heightened by the presence of many of the most distinguished citizens of other towns, who evinced by the patriotic sentiments which they offered, that they placed a proper estimation upon the sound rights and liberties of their country. A few of those veterans of '76 who "breasted the enemies' pointed steele," were present, and rejoiced in American prosperity and exhorted others to "stand fast in the liberty wherewith their toils and blood had made them free."

Suffice it to say that the greatest harmony prevailed through the day and no circumstance occurred to mar the general joy.

ADDRESS.

Messrs. Officers & Soldiers: The ladies of Turner, mindful that their in valuable rights and privileges were purchased at the expense of much precious blood and treasure, are desirous to present to you a standard of colors, as a testimony of the grateful respect they cherish for that illustrious spirit, which prompted our revolutionary heroes to die or be and projecting from his head—he was a free. We congratulate you on your military acquirements in peace, and hope your patriotic enterprise and generosity will be extensively imitated. We would indeed rejoice, that celes tial peace might assume her empire in every heart; that you might never be roused to breas the enemy's pointed steele, and thus compelled to display your skill in the disgraceful science of human butchery;—but since we can have no assurance, that tyranny will never molest our happy shore, we must necessarily regard our military institutions as the strongest bulwark of our country. We do not indeed attach glory to the "pomp and circumstance of war;" our hearts bleed at the recollection of the infinite different persons."-Kennebunk Gaz. agonies, in which the direful horrors of war have involved our fellow beings; and we hope the fate of those warlike victors, who fought for | in our waters, as near to us as the Isle plunder and extended rule, will ever furnish a salutary admonition to the aspiring votaries of martial ambition. May this banner never be unfurled, but in the sacred cause of liberty and humanity; in imitation of our sainted Washington and his intrepid companions who fought not to destroy but to preserve. Should you ever be called to defend our country's injured rights, may me who regards the cause of the just, nerve your hearts to meet death in all his most terrif- 60 feet of his length. ic forms, with a courage and magnanimity not inferior to that exhibited on Bunker's sacred Hill, where gushed the life blood of some of earth's mightiest men making a holy resistance to oppression, resolved to pay homage to no meaner power than Almighty God who has created the human mind free, and who is the only one we ought to fear. We think no people have greater reason for gratitude than we; and since our illustrious benefactor, who left the youthful friends of his dear home, to assist in the gloricause of achieving our freedom, has been greet- ting principally of Governmental officers, ed with such an affectionate welcome, on his return to our happy country, as does honor to our nation, we hope the hearts of Americans will be strong to follow the noble example of this firm and unvielding advocate of the common right; and liberties of man, who has evinced a mind : arptation proof in the many soultrying scenes through which he has passed and ever ready to extend their benevolent aid to the oppressed and ready to perish, throughout the whole earth, till the enfranchisement of every people under He ven be accomplished.-Inevery engagement that our God may approve, we humbly and earnestly implore for and humanity require our very limited aid, we will heartily render you every assistance we are able. As a pledge of our sincere attachment to the sacred cause of liberty, we respectfully solicit your acceptance of this standard

LADIES:

In presenting us with this standard, you have given us one more evidence of female worth and a convincing proof of the exalted station you occupy in the ranks of society. You have

REPLY.

The fifty-fourth universary of American In- and efforts will be most cheerfully blended and united with ours in defending it against the encreachments of any foreign power beneath

> In accepting at your lands, this testimonial of your high regard and memento of your gen crosity, we pledge our lives, our fortunes, and heaven-born peace, with her olive wings shall sit enthroued on the liberties of our holy coun-Independence which we this day commemmo rate. But should our country be invaded, and our liberties endangered, we will then unfurl this beautiful Banner and march forth amid the din of battle and the clangour of arms, after) that the genuine Sons of Libertrusting in him 'who regards the cause of the just ;" while " LIBERTY OR DEATH," shall be inserted on the bold front which we present to

> privations of war we will turn our anxious thoughts to the fair of our country: we will rely on their prayers that the Almighty will hold over us the broad buckler of his salvation, and lead us to victory ; your devotion to American | Mr. EDITOR-Your correspondent "T." liberty this day manifested, shail come up before us like a pillar of fire by night, and of cloud by day to animate our hearts, and nerve our arms to deeds of valor and of glory.

> unfeigned thanks for this invaluable PRESENT. Rest assured, that while we have such powerful pleaders in the cause of humanity and the rights of freemen; we will never yield our lib- a cup of cold water, &c. at a rum-anderties but with our lives. We implore upon brandy tavern, while there are none of you the blessings of liberty and equality, peace a different description. He adds, so and prosperity, now and forever.

Blaney's being seized upon in his boat cludes, by saying that to be obliged to by a shark and devoured.* The Editor patronize what is wrong is intolerable in of the Portland Courier, with some oth- a free country. But what, Mr. Editor, ers, think it most probable to have been will he think of the facts that I am now the sea-serpent, which was seen in those about to state? Probably more than parts at the time. The Patriot of this three-fourths of the professed friends of week informs us that a son-in-law of Mr. | temperance throughout the country, still Blaney has taken a female shark, 10 feet pertinaciously cleave to the rum-dealer; long and the real "man-eater," near the and thus, sometimes from necessity, but spot where Mr. B. met his melancholy in most cases from choice, patronize fate, and that the male also was hooked what is wrong. Men may say what but succeeded in effecting his escape. - | they will about the "uncontrollable en-They probably followed some vessel ergy of principle," and the friends of from the West Indies into this latitude. temperance may tell how much they are Lieut. Marble's where about four hundred with Respecting that marine nondescript, the governed by it; but it will after all be sea-serpent it will be seen that he has found not unfrequently where interest and are therefore necessarily compelled to call Buttons; plain German Caps for Boys; Fancy favored our neighbors of Kennebunk and is at stake, principle is laid aside, to be upon all persons who are indebted to the under- Jewel boxes; Scotch Tapes; C. Silver Thim-Portsmouth with a visit.--Saco Pal.

> "SEA SERPENT !- The coast in our immediate vicinity has at last received a visit from the far-famed SEA-SERPENT. He was seen by three men, who were fishing a few miles distant from the shore on Thursday afternoon last. Two of the men were so much alarmed at his nearness to the boat, that they went below. The third, however, Mr. Gooch, a man whose statements can be relied on, remained on deck and returned the glances of his serpentship for a considerable length of time. He gives the following account of the interview: The fish was first seen a short distance from them and ahortly after he turned about and came within six feet of the boat, when he raised his head about four feet from the water and looked directly into the boat, and so remained for several minutes. Mr. Gooch noticed him attentively, and thinks he was sixty feet in length, and about six feet in circumference-his head, he says, was about the size of a ten gallon keg, having long flaps or ears hanging down, and his eyes about the size of those of an ox, bright dark grey and covered with scales. He had no bunches on his back. When he disappeared he made no efforts to swim, but sunk down apparently without any exertion. Mr. G. says he could have struck him very easily with his oar, but, " he was willing to let the serpent alone, if the serpent would not molest him."

> We understand the serpent has been seen off this Harbor and also off Wells several times during the past week, by

> The Sca Serpent is said to have been of Shoals, during the present week .-Capt. Perkins, of the Schooner Alert, a very respectable man, and his crew. state that he came up toward their vessel, within 20 feet, and then passed round her bow, so that they had a fair view of his snakeship; they saw about

Portsmouth Journal. [*See the account on the first page of this paper .- ED. OBR.7

From the Boston Patriot.

FELLOW CITIZENS OF MAINE. The creatures and tools of the present administration in Boston, consisfor the honest men of the party are fast leaving it, already make their brags that they have secured Maine, and offer large bets that she will go for Jackson. As a NATIVE CITIZEN of that state, I trust for its honor, these boasters and braggers, will be sorely disappointed in the result of the coming electron, and that ny articles of which will be sold very Maine, on whom the eyes of the whole cheap. Also, one case New York Union, are at present turned with intense interest, will not, by a supineuess and you the happiest success; and whenever duty an indifference, totally inconsistent with duty, sink herself to the lowest pit of degradation, by allowing herself to fall into the hands of a faction, which, in Also, Navarino, Leghorn, Silk, and Batpoint of turpitude and baseness, was never surpassed. I am fully aware that a great many other articles. no stone will be left unturned—that every art will be assayed by the factionists, and their deluded followers, to effect

CELEBRATION OF INDEPENDENCE, that, to the extent of your power, your means the power within herself, to put them down,—that she has only to wake up, to buckle on her mighty armour and combat her foes, and the foes of freedom; and her children, scattered as they are, over this wide domain, instead of blushing for the honor of their mative land, will rejoice in her deliverance from the thraldom of Jacksonism.

> thunder, her detestation, her abhorence of the reign of TYRANNY and CORRUP-TION. The miserable tools of the reigning dynasty should learn from experience and improved by his youthful companions. (the lesson will be useful to them here-TY, when aroused into action are all powerful and irresistible, and that in a contest with them, they are sure to be In the tented field, amid the dangers and defeated and overwhelmed in confusion and disgrace. SAGADAHOC.

> > [From the Journal of Humanity.]

expresses surprize that in his recent travels through different parts of this State, he had not the pleasure of observ-Be pleased ladies to accept our cordial and ing the phenomenon of a Temperance tavern; and thinks the friends of tem- Tho friendship can a soothing balm impart, perance cannot be blamed for calling for long as "Hopson's choice" only is left We gave last week the account of Mr. | us, we must patronize such; and consurely be called phenomena, at least not in the country; and yet they seem to be regarded us such, both in town, and country. The friends of temperance seem content to view them at a distance as they would a comet or meteor; forgetting all the while that they have a far better choice than "Hopson" gave .-For my own part "I cannot but think that the efforts of the friends of temperance have not been sufficiently directed towards the single point of patronizing temperance stores." Let this be done, and your correspondent T. will soon find Temperance taverns scattered about all over the state. Temperance grocers have much to contend with; and unless they are cherished must inevitably "go down;' they cannot sustain themselves; rumdealers will not sustain them; and if temperance men will not, to whom can they, to whom shall they look? To my certain knowledge, those who have established themselves in your metropolis are at this moment languishing for lack of even a moderate patronage; and yet these men buy and sell, certainly as cheap, if not cheaper, than rum dealers do. Can it be possible, Mr. Editor, that among all the temperance traders in our own State, in Vermont, N. Hampshire, and Maine, there are not enough "good men and true" to sustain one single wholesale temperance establishment in the city of Boston? Are there not enough real friends of temperance in that far famed City to support five retail establishments? Let the friends of temperance answer these questions.

MASSACHUSETTS. Fire!—The Dwelling-House of Mr. Nathaniel Patterson, at Belfast, together with nearly all the furniture, was entirely destroyed by fire on Sunday evening last. The flames burst from the roof about ten o'clock, and such was its rapidity that little furniture of consequence was saved. No insurance.—Buth Gaz.

In Boothbay, last week, Thomas son of Mr. Stephen Dunton, aged 10, while robbing a fish-hawk's nest of its young, was attacked by the old ones, and fell forty feet upon a rock, dashing out his brains.

The French expedition to Africa, fearing that the Algerines or Arabs may resort to the expedient of poisening the wells along the coast, have taken 600 dogs with them as tasters.

NEW GOODS.

TOW receiving by the subscriber a ⊥ great variety of New Goods, ma-

HATS.

fashionable patterns, and will be sold a bargain. Likewise, a great variety of faithful manner. Silks, Cambrics, Ribbons, Threads &c. tiste Bonnets, cheaper than ever, with

ASA BARTON, Agent. Aug. 2. 6 3w

As above, a few elegant China Tea their purposes, but I know also that Setts. Lottery draws on Wednesday. thus taught us that you love your country; and Maine has the strength, the integrity and Eighty prizes of \$ 1000 each.

DIED.

In this town, on the 5th nit. Ellen Maria, only daughter of Henry and Abigail Pike, aged

Sieep tender form, thy race is run, And pain shall tend thy heart no more; The Lie's brief journeying is done, And thou hast reach'd a peaceful shore.

In this village, on the 20th ult. George Lovis Smith, aged 16 years, son of Joshua Smith. Let the North proclaim in a voice of Esq.—after a protracted sickness of nearly two years, during the whole of which he was an it will be deeply felt by his surviving friends no. raw Silk, Valentia and many other

To pay departed friends the funeral tear! How solemn is the sight-('tis so to me)-Extended in the "narrow house," to see The pale precursor of our certain doom, A silent votary for the lurid Tomb! No language can describe, no tongue can tell, The heart's keen anguish at the last farewell, When the lid closes on the faded face— In sad procession slowly move along-Bowed down with sorrow to the grave repair, And leave their fellow friend to moulder there. The heart then gives the few remaining tears. Can give the sympathetic tear and sigh; "Tis Heaven alone can heal the mourner's

In Minot. 23d ult. Mr. Jonathan Hutchins, aged 41. He has left a widow and three children with a numerous circle of relatives to ties. mourn his loss. On the 18th ult. Mr. James Willis, a soldier of the Revolution.

In Gardiner, Mr. Rufus Hubbard, 35.

CAUTION.

BROWN, has left use and refused any Brown, has left me, and refuses any longer to put himself under my protection, I hereby forbid all persons harboring or trusting him on my account, as I will pay no debts of his contracting after this date.

EPHRAIM BROWN. Norway, July 30, 1830.

MONEY !!! WANTED !!! WING to the pressing want of " WOby our chigations to our creditors that we must | tion Muslin; White Tabby Velvet for painting not be unmindful of their liberality towards us. Blue India Nankins; Coat, Vest and children's again taken up when interest appears to signed, for ADVERTISING and JOB PRINTING, to bles; Fans, palmleaf and feather; Cologne, be 'punctual' and make immediate payment, best quality; Linen Cambric Handkis 3s to 6s; require its aid, How is it, Mr. Editor, (for punctuality is the best safeguard to pro-with Temperance stores! They cannot mote the welfare of all trades.) It is not our Hair and Tooth Brushes; Bobbinett Laces, desire to buy at any time, but when necessity thread wrought; Straw Braids; all articles in stares us in the face' we are driven to the un- the Millinary line. pleasant task of doing it. We hope our patrons will take this as a friendly hint, and remit to us our due forthwith.

GOODNOW & PHELPS. Observer Office, Norway, July 26, 1830.

TO PRINTERS.

FIVHE Subscriber respectfully begs articles not usually obtained without search. L leave to inform his brethren of the profession, that he will attend to orence in supplying these articles, he feels D. 1829, in the several sums following, viz: confident, by his personal attention, to be enabled to make such selections as will give satisfaction, at the shortest notice. Terms, for new materials, will be six months, with satisfactory acceptances, and 7 1-2 deduction for eash. Orders received for the Washington, Franklin, and other presses, Mather's Ink, Rollers, and Type from all respectable foundries.

On hand 700 lbs. White's Minion, scarcely soiled, at 55 cts. sixty days, or 54 cents cash. 100 lbs. Minion, 200 do. Nonpareil, 300 do. Long Primer, 100 do. Brevier, used only in stereotyping, from which a handsome deduction will be made.

Two second hand Washington Medium Presses, at \$125 each, cash. One Superroyal do. \$ 130 cash.

Printers, favorable to the views of the subscriber, who give the above four insertions, will be entitled to \$2 in ma-I HOIT, July 17.

GPATCH WORK (OR REMNANTS CALICO BY THE POUND.)

44, Wm. st. New York.

NAVARINOS&LEGHORN ATIN Brilliants, a splendid article for dres-

ses at 3s the yard; Plaid and Black Silks; Levantines and Elegant and fig'd Cameo Silks new style; Bombazines, Parasols, Merino and Raw Silk SHAWLS; Black Lace Veils; 5-4 blk Double ground Lace at 150 the yd; Bobbinett Laces at 12 1-2 cts the yd; Mourning Battiste at 20 cts the yd, Gloves, Jeans, Drills, Derrys, and lots thin Stuffs for Summer wear. Also-Cloths; Cassimeres; Vestings; nice Ginghams; Bandannas; cheap Calicos; Sheetings; Shirtings, and every description of DRY GOODS, necessary for the home trade, this week opening for sale by

HENYR POOR. Portland, June 17th, 1830. 6w 52

MANTUA-MAKING

MILLINARY.

MRS. H. W. GOODNOW

has removed from her former stand to nearly operation. A credit will be given when desiropposite the Observer office, where she will be ed, so liberal, that the Machine will earn the happy to wait on all who may favor her with money it costs before payment is requested. their patronage.

She has received the latest and most approved Fashions for Bonnets, Caps, Ladies' Dresses, &c. &c. and will execute all orders in a

TLEGHORN BONNETS altered and dressed in the newest style. Norway Village, June 1.

FOR SALE,

GOOD young Cow. Inquire at this office. Aug. 2

M. G. CARTER. 調和低質 GOODS NO. 9.

Mussey's Row, Middle-St. Portland HERE may be found every article in the line with many not line with many not usually kept, which may be discerned by the following:-

Swiss Musiins; figd and plain Mull do. do.; interesting and patient sufferer. His early ex. Barages, various colors; Palmyrenes, Mariand relatives-may it also be properly neticed SHAWLS: Hose of Cotton, Silk, Raw Silk, Linea and Worsted materiel, some two or three "How solemn is the scene, when friends draw handree, double heels; Gloves, Mitts. Parasols; LEGHORNS, bo't at Auction; Navarinoes, white, black and buff; Circassians; Merino Cloths; Smyrna Gauzes; Muslin Jack'd Robes, a cheap article for Dresses; lustre Leventines: black India Leventines; Satin do. do. real India; blk Silk Camlets for Pelises; Gro de Naps; Gro de Indes; Gro de Lins; Plaid Bombazines; superb blk Lace Veils from 2 to \$10 real double; blk Lace Bobinett 5 4 and 6 4 Placed on the salle bier, the mournful throng, wide for Veils; white do.; Muslin wrought Collars 1s 6d; Green Gauze Veils; Green Gauze Barrage and Crape for Veils; Battistes various colors; superior Spool Cotton 4s 6d a Then home return-Oh! what a blank appears, | doz.; Balls in Boxes; Balls in lbs; Wire do. in oz.; Linen Floss best quality; Cotton do spools Those who have lost what worlds cannot supply, and Skeins; Ribbons, Bonnet, Cap, Sash, Belt, &c. new and old style.

Sheetings and Shirtings; Calicoes; Ginghams, of all kinds and qualities; Vestings of Valentia, Marseilles, dark and light.

BROADCLOTHS AND CASSIMERES -all fashionable shades and many different quali-

Tickings; Checks; Stripes; Ginghams;-Jeans; Fustians; thin Stuffs, such as Cassinets, col'd Jeans, Rouen Cassines, Stamonts Drilling, French do. Silk Strip'd do. &c.

CRAVATS, Cambric, Muslin, plaid, figured, shaded, &c. SILK STOCKS,

of every fashionable pattern; Gents. stout Horskin Gloves; Bandanna, Flagg, German, English, French and other Pocket HAND, KERCHIEFS. Military Stocks; Buff Gloves, and Vestings; Muslin Cravats; best Ital'n Cravats; Dimoties; Corded Cambrics & Lawns; Cotton Yarn, black, white, mix'd Knitting Cotton; Duck for Pants.; ready make Drilling Pantaloons and Jackets; Batting; Wadding; Seersuckers; Diapers stout and wide; Furni-

TRAVELLING BASKETS,

all sizes, which together with ninepenny Calicoes and sundry other articles not mentioned, constitute his Stock complete; individuals and heads of Families about purchasing for themselves or others, will be enabled to find many Portland, July 10.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE-CARTHAGE. ING MATERIALS, either new or second hand, at the lowest price. From a thorough knowledge and long experi-

38 1 60 38 1 87 38 1 87 8 20 8 20 Gideon Bowley, Philip Yetton, Unless said Taxes and all necessary intervening charges are paid to me the subscriber, on or before Thursday the twenty-eighth day of October next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, so much of said land will then be sold at Public Vendue, as will discharge the same, at the dwelling-house of Daniel Storer, Esq. in Carthage.

JACOB BERRY, Collector of Carthage for 1829. Carthage. July 10, 1830. 3w 5

WANTED,

William Bowley,

ITHIN one month, to complete a con-1600 yards Raw Wool FLANNEL-500 do Cotton and Wool do of good

width and quality, for which satisfactory prices will be given by
H. G. CARTER, No. 9, Mussey's Row, Middle-street.

Portland, June 15. Carding Machines.

HE subscriber is the authorized Agent for selling Wine's IMPROVED CARDING MACHINES. These Machines are of a

very superior quality, and altogether preferable to any other in use. They are less expensive, perform more and better work, will card the HANKFUL for past favors, respectfully finest of wool, are tended and kept in repair informs her friends and the public that she easier, and require less power to keep them in ALSO THE

IMPROVED GRISTWILL, which is so constructed as to require but little

room, can be tended and kept in repair much easier and cheaper than the common mill, will perform as much work, and as well, with a great deal less power. The cost is comparatively trifling as about one hundred and fifty dollars will cover the expense for one run of Stones and Machinery.

Any information respecting the Carding Machines or Mills, may be obtained of the subscriber, by letter, (if p. st paid) or otherwise.

Norway Village, March 23.

ASA BARTON, General Agent.

lyeon41

POETLY.

[From the Roston Statesman.] On a Painting representing the beautiful L Valliere, in her retirement at the Convent of Carmelites.

It is the hour of sunset—day's bright orb Looks for a moment o'er the gilded tops Of the dark forest trees, that soon must veil His splendor, with their thick, impervious

Through the high gothic casement pours a flood Of golden glory, streaming o'er the wall's, The marble pavement, and the vaulted roof; While in the far perspective waving woods, Vineyards and fields and trellised cottages, Are brightly tinged with the rich sunset glow; And autumn casts her mellow tints o'er ail, Deepening the beauty of the quiet scene.

The hour, the season breathe of calm decay, Of life's brief splendor and approaching gloom: And touchingly accord with that sweet form Of fading leveliness, so calm and pale, It seems some imaged saint enshrighed there. The brow of marble beauty raised to heaven, Is smooth and peaceful as the unclouded front Of sleeping innocence; yet sober thought, Full of sweet sudness, there asserts her reign While the dark eye, once eloquent of love, And radient with the light of youthful hopes, And feelings unsubdued, now looks abroad O'er earth and all earth's hollow joys, with gaze As coldly tranquil, passionless and pure As the pale, chilling beam of sober light, That sleeps at midnight on the wintry hills.

Fair, lovely penitent! and dost thou prove Within thy convent's dark and gloomy walls, That heavenly peace, the world can never give And dost thou, through thy solitary hours, Feel that support which those can never know, Who cling to broken reeds, and bow before The self-created idels of the heart? Has kind oblivion lent her dusky veil, To shroud thee from the influence of the past? Does thy wrapt fancy never lead thee back To vanished hours and pleasures long departed? Dost ne'er, in thought, revisit the proud halls Of regal splendor, where thy dawning charms, Thy dream-like beauty and celestial grace, Enthrall'd a princely heart, and shone awhile, The light of courts?—a monarch's guiding star? Hast thou so soon thine earthly joys torgot?-'The blissful visions of thy morning dream-Thy dream of love ?-O never woman's heart Was form'd like thine, to feel th' enchanting

Responded to the burning sighs of love, With all the sweet, wild, mournful harmony Which passion awakens in the youthful breast Ere the rude hand of stern reality, And all the earth-born interests of life, Have mar'd its music and its chords unstrung. Yes—thou has loved as few have loved beside And sure one glittering tear, unmarked before Is trembling still upon that pallid check-Some shadowy vision of the blissful past Has stolen along thy quiet tho'ts and dimmed Heaven's image, pictured on their peaceful

But all seems now forgotten, and that trace Of woman's softness clends a touching charm, To the deep sanctity and holy rest That breathe o'er all thy beauty, and bespeak A spirit fixed from every earthly stain. That spirit like the dove, which sought its rest O'er all earth's waste waters-tired at length With the wild tossings of life's troubled sea, Turns towards its native home and soaring high With flight unwearied and with heavenward

Waves its glad pinions in the golden light.

Theu seemst, fair creature! in thy lone re-Like some bent lily, scorched by noon-tide sun That when the cool and star-light hours come

Lifts its meek head to drink the dews of heaven

THE CANOE FIGHT.

During the last war, there was an en counter between a party of whites and a body of Indians, in Alabama, in which pany and joined in the firing on the ca- Greenwich time. a short and sharp action took place, that chivalrous daring, by the title of "The anxious, excited, but silent spectators of one hour from its entrance to the time fording abundance of fish, and the mead-received in exchange, at 9 cents per lb. Canoe Fight." The conflict which has been so designated, was confined to three white men in a canoc which was paddled by a negro, who took no other part in the action, and a canoe manned shortly after the memorable massacre at came on until they could count the num- will include all places in the United of the ministry, one for the support of be allowed two dollars, in settlement of Fort Mims, in the vicinity of that place and happened, in consequence of atempts on the part of the white settlers the oarsman to back water, that the In- centre, at the mean interval of one h. to expel the Indians who were yet hovering around them. We have been requested by many of the editors of papers in other sections of the Union, to of these associates, proposed to his parfurnish the particulars of this interest- ty, for themselves, to make the attack ing little piece of history, but were upon the Indian cance; and dashed never in possession of its details, till re- down the bank into the river, followed cently. We are now, however, through by Austill and Smith. These three, the kindness of Mr. Jeremiah Austill, with a colored man, who acted as pad-James Smith, composed the white party the stream. As the canoe party apfacts and incidents.

mand of Col. Dale, volunteered their white party then pressed onward in siservices. They set out on their enter- lence, and closed in with their enemies. prize from Fort Madison, 12 miles west The canoes came in contact at the bows, of Claiborne. They proceeded down- and Austill bore a moment the brunt of der cover of the thick cane.

The others seeing the number of Dale's last Indian; he rose once after the blow, be beguiled by beaux and belles, at our party behind him, betook themselves to received another, and sunk for the last fashionable watering places, except by flight, leaving, in the hurry of their time. movements, all their pack of provisions. Dale's party then commenced clear- For ourselves, (though it is far from us the provisions which had been abandon- after the battle, were a war club and with the exception of Dale, Austill, till .- Mobile Rigister. Smith, and the others engaged in preparing the provisions, soon reached the

be one of the two Indians.

numbers. To this circumstance, their min. more it will leave its disk in lat. wonderful escape of slaughter is chiefly 51 deg. 58 deg. 40 min. W. long. at has much improved the Township and Six lines Pica and to be ascribed. Austill, Smith, and which point the sun will get centrally the communication. The roads from Creigh, presently returned to the com- eclipsed at 4 h. 30 m. or 6 h. 25 m. Portland and Hallowell, meet about 1 noe. Meanwhile their companions, on The eclipse will have been 2h. 31 m. B. The Lake and Meadow are very Plca,

returned. Dale then, indignant at the conduct who, with Colonel Samuel Dale and dler, entered the canoe and pushed into to this bold contest, in possession of the proached, one of the Indians fired without effect. Smith returned the fire hour lines at right angles, the time and Auction, at the Merchant's Hall, in For the purpose, as before mentioned, when within thirty feet of the Indians. phases of the eclipse may be found for Boston, on Thursday, the 26th day of of driving the Indians from their neigh- Dale and Austill attempted to fire, but borhood, a party amounting to the num- their priming had been wet, and their ber of seventy two men, under the com- guns could not be discharged. The wich time to that of the place of obserwards on the west side of the river Ala- the battle; their sterns however, presbama, until they reached Brashier's Fer- ently swayed up, and Dale sprang into ry eighteen miles below Claiborne, by the end of the Indians' canoe, leaving water, where they crossed over to the room for the free action and an equal upon flirtation! What terms of reproach east bank, and remained over night, un- share of the combat, to his two associ- have been framed against the gay and ates. Their only weapons were their sportive coquette! And yet after all, In the morning the chief part of the rifles, with which they fought as with where is the great harm of making a company commenced their march up-clubs. The first or second blow dealt man's heart ache a little? "But, (says wards on the east margin of the river, by Dale broke the barrel of his guo, and the forlorn swain) the heart is not to be leaving Austill with a detachment of by some means unknown to themselves, trifled with; it is a serious matter."five or six, to take the canoes up the Dale exchanged his broken barrel for No doubt it is so; but then it gives river to a place for recrossing. Three Smith's gun, with which they fought to him an opportunity to show his fortitude, miles above, at Bailie's Shoals, Austill's the end of the scene. Near the close and the exhibition of fortitude is highly party again met the company, where of the conflict, Austill was prostrated interesting and imposing. Besides, they sought for traces of the Indians, by a blow from a war club, of one of hearts do not break now-a-days: the and discovered signs of their recent the Indians, and fell into their cance world has become a very matter of fact ITHE Fall Term in Hebron Academy presence. They then continued their between two of them. One aimed a world, and Cupid has shared the fate of 1 will commence on the eighteenth tinued accordingly at the option of the pubpursuit in the same direction. Austill's second blow at his head, which was the other heathen deities; or if the day of August; and the Female De-lishers. party continued in the cances, and Dale's simultaneously arrested by Dale and little rogue still lurks about the earth, partment, under the superintendance of on the land. About one mile below Smith, and the Indian slain; Austill his arrows have lost their deadly venom, a well qualified young Lady, on Monday

At Randous' farm a few miles below ing the canoes of the dead bodies of the to claim the honorable epithet of beau Claiborne, the land and water parties Indians, by throwing them over-board. or fashionable,) we make it a point to met again. At this point they conclud- While so engaged, they were fired upon | fall in love every summer, and to get out ed to recross to the west bank of the by the Indians from the shore; one ball of love the first fall frost. It is the onriver and ascend it upon that side, and struck the canoe, and another passed ly rational way of living through the the company commenced crossing in between Smith and Austill. In the tedium and apathy of the long summer two canoes. In the mean time Dale face of this firing, however, they return- weather. Winter is the only time for and Austill with James Smith and oth- ed to the shore for their friends, crossed study, for business, and for labor : cold ers, who remained on the east side, the river, once more to join the main hardens hearts as well as rivers, else were employed in a small field in kind- body of their party, and reached it in why are men who never loved called ling a fire, for the purpose of cooking safety. The only weapons remaining cold-hearted? ed by the Indians. The whole party, gun, wrested from the Indians by Aus-

THE GREAT ECLIPSE OF 1831.

opposite bank of the river, having one This eclipse which will happen on and toss men's hearts to and fro, just as of the canoes on their side, and leaving the 12th of February, will be one of much as they please. This is a privithe other with the party who had yet to the most remarkable that will again be lege to which sparkling eyes and rosy and will be sold lower than ever previously of witnessed in the United States for a cheeks are entitled by the law of nature. fered-among which are-This was the critical moment. A long course of years. The apparent di- How can a radiant and beautiful woman cance, containing eleven Indians, now ameter of the sun will be 32 1-2 min- help it, if every body falls in love with Cloths from 8|3 to \$8; 20 ps Tartan, shot out from behind a bend of the river. utes of a degree, then of the noon 31 her? Is it her fault that nature has in- Scotch and Rob Roy Plaids from 20 cts It descended rapidly, with the apparent 1-2. Of course the eclipse will be on- vested her motions with grace, her form to 2s; Red, White, Yellow and Green purpose of intercepting the passage of nular; that is in all places where the with elegance, and her face with attrac- FLANNELS; 50 ps fine Circassians, the remaining party, and at the same sun will be centrally eclipsed, at the tion? Must she be locked up in a dark assorted Colors 25 cts to 2 6 per yard; instant the attention of the little band moment of the greatest obscuration, it cellar, for fear she will scatter heart 5 cases fancy Calicoes 8 to 12 1-2 cts; was attracted by the whoops and cries will exhibit the appearance of a beauti- aches around her? Must she look sour 6 cases very rich dark fancy Prints 1s to of numerous Indians, running down the ful luminous ring around the moon .- and frown upon admirers, for fear of 28 cts; 1 case fine Philadelphia Plaids, high banks in the rear, gathering and Eclipses of this kind are of less frequent their becoming adorers? It is prepos- 12 1-2 cts; Rich dark English, French surrounding three sides of the field.—| occurrence than those which are total. | terous. Every beautiful woman is a and German Ginghams; 50 doz. Cotton The party seized their weapons, and The centre of the eclipse will first touch flirt, from the necessity of things; and and Silk Flag Hdkfs 12 1-2 to 2 3; 2200 the second bank of the river. They cean on the morning of Feb. 12th, in were the subjects of necessity. opened a rapid fire at the Indians, who lat. 31 deg 55 minutes N. and longitude were approaching the shore in the ca- 140 degrees 3 minutes west from Greennoe, two of whom leaped out and swam wich. At this point the sun will rise with their guns above water, for the centrally eclipsed at 34 minutes rest 6 shore, above a small creek that run in o'clock; or at three hours 54 minutes at the upper corner of the field. Aus- P. M. apparent time at Greenwich .till and Smith dashed across the creek Thence proceeding by a gentle curve to Whose thrilling chords, by fair illusion touched to attack these two as they landed; but the South and East in 16 minutes it fell and rolled into the river within a in lat. 27 degrees 30 minutes N. Thence geously lying on lake Umbagog, and adment killed one, and the other fled up will enter the United States near the S. | shire. The Cumberland and Oxford the bank, and Austill, immediately re- W. corner of Louisiana, and in six m. | Canal, commencing at Portland, opens a covering himself, pursued the flying In- will cross the Mississippi, near St. Frandian through the cane. Col. W. Creagh, cisville. Passing through the States of the Townships, and the shortest routes time with Austill and Smith, run up 27 minutes more it will arrive at a point on the Connecticut River, pass through the creek to cross it where it was less in Pendleton county, South Carolina, letter B. In this latter Township, which deep; and hearing a rustling among the latitude 34 deg. 37 minutes N. longi-contains about 24000 acres, there are upbrush, shot at Austill, supposing him to tude 82 deg. 38 m. W. where the sun wards of 20 settlers, a Grist-mill & Sawwill be centrally eclipsed on the meridi- mill now in operation, a number of mill While this by-scene was enacting, an. Thence passing over North Caroli- privileges, with abundance of valuable Dale and the other eight of the gallant | na into Virginia, in 14 min. it will cross ! timber, and an extensive run of meadow band, were sustaining and returning a James River, near Richmond, and con- land. The quality of the Land is very hot fire with the Indians in the canoe, tinuing in nearly a direct line, in 8 min. good, and these numerous advantages who sheltered themselves in its bottom, will leave the Jerseyshore at little Egg- render this township a most eligible purresting their guns on its sides; and they harbor, passing a few miles east of Monwere receiving desultory shots from tauk Point; in 8 min. it will leave the ty of Pine Timber in both Townships, street, New York, a complete assortment those that had encompassed the field .- eastern shore of Cape Cod Wellfleet, The party were screened in a great mea- and in 6 min. will enter upon the S. W. ket by water, and always command cash. Diamond, at the following prices, 6 sure, from the fire of the Indians on the extremity of Nova Scotia. Thence land, by the bank they had descended, passing over the island of Newfound- on the Connecticut River, has been a for cash. They cast their book founts and these Indians were deterred from a land, and increasing in velocity, as it ap- county road for some years, and very re- from English to Diamond, on a metal

> the opposite bank of the river, had been in crossing the earth's disk, and about beneficial to the settlers, the former afthe scene; and Dale perceiving now, of its leaving the United States. A line was discovered, called out to them for all those places where the eclipse is servation of 1280 acres, to be divided in-sale on accommodating terms. assistance. Eight pushed out in the central. Two other lines on each side to four equal portions; viz: one for the man in the bow of the boat cried out to penumbra will precede and follow the propriation. dians were too many for them, and they and 30 m., making on the central track the beginning and end of the eclipse.-Lines drawn on the map of the United in this township. A new county road States, parallel to the central track at has been laid out through it, which, intervals, on the S. side of 200, 185 and when completed, will open a communi-175 miles, and on the north at intervals cation from the Lake to Paris, which is of 225, 250, and 300 miles, will exhibit, the shire town, and is on the road to nearly, the respective points where the Portland. The land is an everage qualsun will be 11, 10, and 9 digits eclipsed. ty with the other Townships in its vi-By making proportions along the central cinity, (with the exception of letter B,) path of the eclipse, of the intervals of which is superior to the others. Greenwich time, and protracting the The above land will be sold at Public States, observing to reduce the Green- STEPHEN BROWN, Auctioneer. South America.

FLIRTATION.

What a mass of invective is heaped Randous' farm, Dale, who was in ad- rose with another Indian, who, like and no longer carry fatality and death. the sixth of September. vance of his company, encountered the himself, had fallen in the fight, wrested They are now made of gold; and gold first Indians that were seen, a party of his olub and striking him on the head is more easily blunted than steel.

ten in number, one of whom he killed. he fell into the river. This was the How are the long hours of summer to a little agreeable and innocent flirtation?

> We are strenuous advocates of the rights, privileges, and immunities of the fair: we contend, that like the king of England, they 'can do no wrong,' and that they have the right to flirt, coquet,

N. Y. Morning Courier.

VALUABLE LANDS FOR SALE, IN THE STATE OF MAINE.

TWO Townships of Land, situate in water communication within 35 miles of chase. There is a considerable quanti-

tent has been made in letter B, which other used in this country. and a half miles from the west line of

The number of acres in letter C, conveyed by the Commonwealth, is 21,000. No settlement has yet been commenced

very nearly any place in the United August next, at 12 o'clock, M. by Mr.

If found more convenient, letter B vation. This eclipse will be visible may be sold in two separate parcels, one over every part of the North American on the north and the other on the south continent and the W. Indies and will be side the dead Cambridge river, which seen as far south as the city of Quito in divides the Township into parts nearly THE subscriber will continue to take

> respecting them, and who are disposed to treat for a purchase at private sale, are referred to GEORGE HOUNSFIELD, Esq. No. 256, Pearl-st., New-York; to CHARLES VAUGHAN, Esq. Hallowell, and SOLOMON ADAMS, Esq. of Farmington; both in the County of Kennebec, State of Maine.

given.

May 17, 1830.

HEBRON ACADEMY.

JOHN TRIPP, Sec'y. July 22, 1830.

INFORMATION WANTED.

EF any person can give information of I the residence, if living, of Mr. Jared Hall, who left Marshfield, in the State of Vermout, about two years since, and resided, for a short time, thereafter, in Burlington, they will confer an essential favor on an afflicted woman, by conveying intelligence, to her, by mail, directed to Marshfield, Vt.

POLLY HALL. June 18, 1830.

Printers will aid the cause of humanity by inserting the above.

Less was a source of the color C. J. STONE,

CORNER OF COURT AND MIDDLE-STREETS, PORTLAND,

AS just received from the New-York Auctions a large assortment of SEASON-ABLE GOODS, purchased at great sacrifices,

LADIE'S Blue, Brown, Olive & Mix': having no alternative, now rushed down the earth's disk in the great Pacific O- even the inexorable and powerful fates yds Bobbinett and Mecklin Laces 2 cts to 1s; Blk Levantine, Gros de Naples and Italian Silks . Blk Nankin & Canton Crapes \$2,75 to \$6; Blk & White Lace Veils 2s to \$4; Superfine 4/4 Checks at 1s; 20 bales Brown & Bleached Shirtings and Sheetings 5 to 20 cts. Super Ticking 13 to 25 cts; black and other cols Bombazetts 15 cts to 1 s; Sai-A the County of Oxford, lettered B tinetts; Cassimeres; blk & slate Wors-Austill becoming entangled in the cane, will enter upon the coast of Califronia, & C, containing 45,000 acres, advantated Hosiery; Silk do; Gentleman's and Ladie's Silk, Beaver, Horseskin & Kid few feet of them. Smith at this mo- curving Northwardly, 47 m. more it joining the State line with New-Hamp- Gloves; Hosiery and York tan Mitts; Mens Stout Buckskin Gloves; Ribbons; Laces; Braids; Cords; 1 case Pins; Linens; Long Lawns; White, Blk and Red Merino Shawls; White, Blk and another of the party, had, at the same Mississippi, Alabama, and Georgia, in from Portland & Hallowell to Colebrook | col'd Cambrics; Plain and figd Bock, Jackonet, Cambrick & Swiss Muslinswith many other articles too numerous to mention.

N. B. A liberal Credit will be given to country Dealers. Nov. 3. 19

PRINTING TYPES, PRESSES, &c. wm. Hagar & co.

OFFER for sale, at their Type and Sterotype Foundery, No. 20 Goldwhich can with facility be sent to mar- of Printing Types, from 14 lines Pica to The road through letter B, from Coos, months credit, or 5 per cent. discount nearer approach, by ignorance of their proaches the verge of the earth; in 19 cently an alteration of considerable ex- which they will warrant superior to any

\$0 30 | Long Primer, 32 Burgeois, Double Pica, 34 Brevier, Great Primer, 36 | Minion, English, 36 | Nonpariel,

And all others in proportion. Old metal that escape would be hopeless, the mo- drawn through the above points on the deed of letter B, from the Common- the Washington Printing Press, inventment the sebleness of his little party Map of N. America will pass through wealth of Massachusetts, there is a re- ed by Samuel Rust, which they offer for

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